AC / DC converter unit BP5038

The BP5038 is an AC/DC converter which can be used to supply 12V, 30mA DC output from a commercial power supply (100 V AC). Using this unit enables simple, easy drive of microcomputers, relays, LEDs, and many other electronic components without using a transformer. The most compact of all of the products in the BP5030 series of AC/DC converters, the BP5038 allows set PCBs to be kept compact and lightweight, with extremely few attachments.

Applications

Power supply circuits for vacuum cleaners, electric carpets, electric rice cookers and hot water pots, irons, air conditioners, air purifiers, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, illumination devices and other small household appliances, as well as power supply circuits for gas, fire and smoke alarms, DC motors, sensors, and other similar devices

Features

- Elimination of a transformer enables compact, lightweight power supply boards.
- 2) Wide input voltage range. (80 to 120Vrms for AC voltage conversion)
- DC power supplies can be easily configured, with few attachments.
- 4) Compact, stand-alone 4-pin SIP package.
- Since no transformer is used, the power supply board is less vulnerable to splitting or cracking from impact or shock.
- Hybridization of the IC reduces the number of labor hours in the assembly process.

● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	170	V
Output current	lo	30	mA
Operating temperature	Topr	−20~+80	C
Storage temperature	Tstg	−20~+85	ဗ

•Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	113	141	170	V _(DC)



• Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Input voltage	Vı	113	141	170	٧	DC
Output voltage	Vo	11	12	13	V	Vi=141V, Io=30mA
Output current	lo	0	_	30	mA	V _I =141V*1
Line regulation	Vr	_	0.17	0.3	٧	Vi=113~170V, Io=30mA
Load regulation	VI	_	0.19	0.3	٧	Vi=141V, Io=0~30mA
Output ripple voltage	Vp	_	0.05	0.15	V _{P-P}	Vi=141V, Io=30mA*2
Power conversion efficiency	η	40	50	_	%	Vi=141V, Io=30mA

^{*1} Maximum output varies depending on ambient temperature; please refer to derating curve.

Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name
1	Vin
2	N.C.
3	N.C.
4	COMMON
5	COMMON
6	Vоит

Measurement circuit

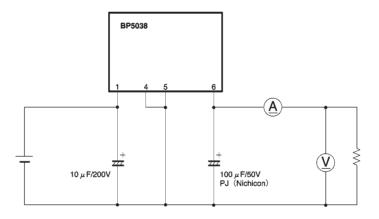


Fig.1

^{*2} Output ripple voltage does not include spike noise.

Regulator ICs BP5038

Application example

Example showing product used in electric carpet

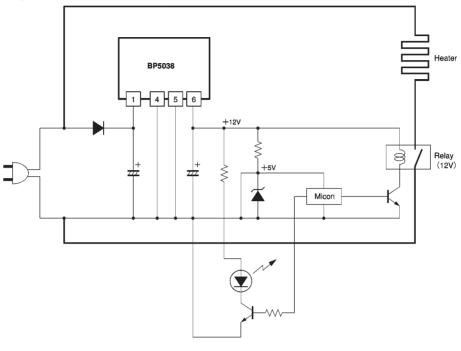
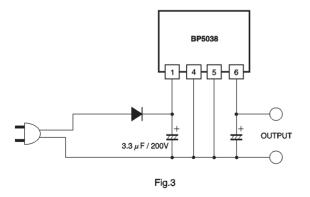
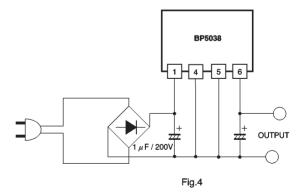


Fig.2

●Basic power supply circuit Half wave rectification circuit



Full wave rectification circuit



Regulator ICs BP5038

Selecting attached components

(1) Diodes

The rectifying diodes used should fulfill the following conditions.

In the absolute maximum ratings, the reverse surge current should be 400V or higher, the average rectifying current should be 0.5A or higher, and the forward surge voltage should be 20A or higher.

(2) Capacitor for input voltage smoothing

A capacitor with a larger capacitance produces a more stable output voltage, but increases the surge current when the power supply is turned on. The capacitor should have a withstand resistance of at least 200V.

(3) Capacitor for output voltage smoothing

This capacitor should have a low ESR. Capacitors designed for low-impedance switching power supplies are especially suitable. The ESR of the capacitor affects the output ripple voltage. Please refer to the table below for the names of products made by various manufacturers.

Maker	Product		
Nichicon	PJ series		
Matsushita electric	Model A FA series		

Operation notes

- (1) The output current needs to be reduced as the ambient temperature rises.
- (2) Lead pins should be securely soldered. If COM-MON pins are not securely connected, or pins which are connected internally but which are not used are connected to other pins, irregular voltages could be produced, causing breakdowns and damage.
- (3) Excessive current and shorted loads

The excessive current limit is a drooping model. At 25° C, if excessive current which exceeds the absolute maximum ratings is produced intermittently, or is produced continuously for a total of one minute or longer, the product is vulnerable to damage. If there is any danger of the load being shorted or excessive current being produced, always use a protective device such as a fuse.

- (4) Avoid subjecting this product to strong impact.
- (5) Regulations governing electrical products

As a stand-alone product, this product is not subject to regulations governing electrical appliances. Please be aware, therefore, that applications must be submitted for sets and not for individual products.

(6) Insulation

This product is not insulated on the primary and secondary sides, and there is a danger of electrical shock if it is touched

(7) Connections with other devices

Devices using this product should not be connected to other devices. If connected, insulation should be provided

Electrical characteristic curves

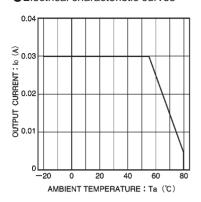


Fig. 5 Derating curve

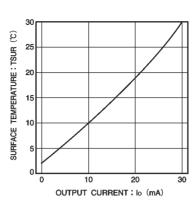


Fig. 6 Surface temperature rise

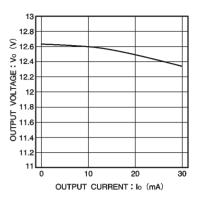


Fig. 7 Output characteristic

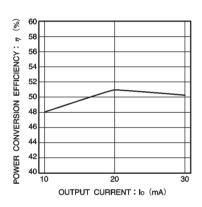


Fig. 8 Power conversion efficiency

